

VOCABULARY

Choose the best word that completes each sentence.
(Boşluklara anlamca en uygun kelimeyi seçiniz.)

1. The special committee has been called to discuss in detail the _____ in higher education.
 - A) retention
 - B) references
 - C) apologies
 - D) reliance
 - E) innovations

2. The _____ concerning total disarmament have broken without leading to any fruitful results whatsoever.
 - A) intentions
 - B) commitments
 - C) negotiations
 - D) complaints
 - E) involvements

3. As a result of the continuing economic recession, a huge _____ in the budget seems inevitable.
 - A) redundancy
 - B) deficit
 - C) improvement
 - D) profit
 - E) distinction

4. The rise in energy _____ has led to a reduction in the amount of fossil fuels that the world must use.
 - A) redundancy
 - B) suitability
 - C) consumption
 - D) conformity
 - E) efficiency

5. After the dry season there was very little food to feed the villagers. The _____ that followed caused a lot of deaths.
 - A) fatigue
 - B) famine
 - C) fault
 - D) fare
 - E) fast

6. In Malaysia, it is bad luck when the left eye twitches. In Germany, it is good luck when the left eye twitches. Some superstitions are _____.
 - A) similar
 - B) contradictory
 - C) nonsense
 - D) widespread
 - E) important

7. Diplomatic relations between the two countries, which were _____ during the war, have not yet been restored.
 - A) defeated
 - B) determined
 - C) featured
 - D) severed
 - E) established

8. I met that man only one years ago. I _____ know him.
 - A) quite
 - B) actually
 - C) really
 - D) hardly
 - E) truly

9. I told him what I meant directly. I did not _____ anything.
 - A) implicate
 - B) impress
 - C) improvise
 - D) implication
 - E) imply

10. Topkapı palace has many _____ jewelry from Ottoman Empire.
 - A) inessential
 - B) illegible
 - C) invaluable
 - D) vulnerable
 - E) indulgent

GRAMMAR

Choose the grammatically correct answers to fill in the blanks. (Boşluklara en uygun olan gramer kalıplarını seçiniz.)

- 11.** Jessica never asks her friends to help her out _____ she absolutely needs it.
- A) nevertheless
 - B) thus
 - C) so as to
 - D) in order that
 - E) unless
- 12.** This is the third time I _____ you, and I _____ to do so again.
- A) warned / haven't intended
 - B) have warned / don't intend
 - C) am warning / won't be intending
 - D) have been warning / am not intending
 - E) am warning / am not going to intend
- 13.** Plants sustain the continuity of their species through generative reproduction _____ with seeds _____ through vegetative reproduction that uses suckers, bulbs, or rubbers.
- A) either / or
 - B) neither / so
 - C) but / and
 - D) as / so as
 - E) not only / as well
- 14.** Feed crops, _____ are very important in feeding livestock and preserving the ecological balance, also _____ insects for pollination.
- A) that / needed
 - B) which / has needed
 - C) when / needing
 - D) that / needs
 - E) which / need
- 15.** It seems that when the doctor actually _____, they _____ for more than two hours.
- A) had arrived / have waited
 - B) arrives / will have been waiting
 - C) arrived / were waiting
 - D) will arrive / are waiting
 - E) has arrived / will be waiting
- 16.** Biologically, aging is an irreversible state _____ the cell no longer _____, and is a protective response to the shortening of the DNA ends.
- A) which / has divided
 - B) that / divided
 - C) when / divides
 - D) in which / divides
 - E) while / divided
- 17.** Nobody could understand _____ she killed her husband.
- A) that
 - B) which
 - C) why
 - D) in which
 - E) whenever
- 18.** My brother will do _____ is necessary to finish the project on time, even if he has to work late at nights.
- A) whatever
 - B) wherever
 - C) whoever
 - D) however
 - E) whenever
- 19.** _____ thousands of different articles in his life, and still editing several articles every day, he _____ very good at categorizing ideas and pieces of writing.
- A) Seeing / would become
 - B) To be seen / will become
 - C) Having seen / has become
 - D) To have seen / becomes
 - E) Seen / could become
- 20.** My brother spent the _____ summer working to save money for his school fees.
- A) all
 - B) whole
 - C) every
 - D) most
 - E) rest

- 21.** The ongoing study is the latest in a series of reports that found glaciers worldwide are melting _____ anyone had predicted just a few years ago.
- A) faster than
 - B) fastest
 - C) as fast as
 - D) so fast as
 - E) much faster
- 22.** Hungry pests cost farmers millions in crop losses each year, _____ in the widespread use of chemical pesticides, _____ many bugs eventually become immune.
- A) that results / which
 - B) resulting / to which
 - C) resulted / that
 - D) to be resulting / which
 - E) to be resulted / at which
- 23.** The scenario assumes that the world agrees to take action to cut global emissions starting from 2020, _____ levels of carbon emissions in 2030 are similar to now.
- A) however
 - B) nonetheless
 - C) whereas
 - D) likewise
 - E) so that
- 24.** So far our group _____ half of the project, but we _____ all of it by September.
- A) have fulfilled / have completed
 - B) have fulfilled / will have completed
 - C) are fulfilling / complete
 - D) fulfilled / completed
 - E) were fulfilling / were completed
- 25.** Every student can take _____ of those two elective courses since they are _____ interesting.
- A) either / both
 - B) both / either
 - C) both / all
 - D) every / none
 - E) each / nor
- 26.** While nuclear technology supplies hundreds of cities with electricity, weapons of mass destruction threaten human existence. _____ our body health and environment are under threat; new technology leaves almost no room for our privacy _____.
- A) Both / too
 - B) Neither / nor
 - C) Either / or
 - D) Just / too
 - E) Not only / as well
- 27.** You _____ attention to what the professor was explaining. You _____ busy with something else.
- A) can't have been paying / may have been
 - B) must have been paying / should have been
 - C) should have been paying / shouldn't have been
 - D) may have been paying / must have been
 - E) needn't have paid / can't have been
- 28.** The Browns _____ for their holiday to Florida because their car is not where it is normally parked in the parking lot.
- A) can't have left
 - B) might leave
 - C) would not leave
 - D) could have left
 - E) must have left
- 29.** _____ grapes are left on vine, _____ their sugar content will be.
- A) The longer / the higher
 - B) The longest / the highest
 - C) Much longer / higher
 - D) Longer than / much higher
 - E) The more longer / more higher
- 30.** Tell Diane not to forget _____ reservations for next Saturday.
- A) making
 - B) has to make
 - C) having made
 - D) to make
 - E) to be making

31. Nowadays due to the use of effective medicines, the attitude towards possible pregnancy of women who have active tuberculosis _____ at a considerable rate.

- A) will change
- B) has changed
- C) would change
- D) had changed
- E) will be changing

32. If you _____ me which flight you were on, I _____ for you at the airport at the moment.

- A) had told / would be waiting
- B) told / would have been waiting
- C) tell / will be waiting
- D) would tell / have been waiting
- E) had told / could have waited

33. As soon as I entered my hotel room, I _____ that someone _____ through my documents.

- A) had realized / went
- B) realized / went
- C) had realized / had gone
- D) realized / had gone
- E) had been realized / was gone

34. I would still not have done it for them _____ they had offered to pay me a million dollars.

- A) if
- B) whether
- C) even if
- D) but
- E) only if

35. The observer reclined back in his chair _____ relaxed and casually _____ in the demonstration.

- A) looking / interested
- B) looked / interested
- C) to look / interest
- D) looking / interesting
- E) look / interest

CLOZE TEST

Choose the grammatically correct answers to fill in the blanks. (Boşluklara en uygun olan gramer kahiplarını seçiniz.)

Cyprus is an island (36) _____ in the eastern Mediterranean Sea, about 40 miles south of Turkey, 60 miles west of Syria, and 480 miles southeast of mainland Greece. Its maximum length, (37)

_____ Cape Arnauti in the west to Cape Apostolos Andreas at the end of the north-eastern peninsula, (38) _____ 140 miles; the maximum north-south extent is 60 miles. With an area of 3,572 square miles, it is the third largest Mediterranean island. Cyprus (39) _____ of two states, the Republic of Cyprus, which occupies the southern two-thirds of the country, and the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, (40) _____ declared its independence in 1983.

36.

- A) saturated
- B) gathered
- C) located
- D) ranged
- E) named

37.

- A) from
- B) till
- C) by
- D) within
- E) since

38.

- A) are
- B) have
- C) has
- D) were
- E) is

39.

- A) deprives
- B) disposes
- C) consists
- D) clarify
- E) locate

40.

- A) when
- B) what
- C) that
- D) where
- E) which

TRANSLATION

Select the best translation of the given sentences.
(Verilen cümlelerin en uygun karşılıklarını seçiniz.)

41. Poetry, which is as universal as language, has for centuries been written and read by all kinds of people everywhere.

- A) Dil kadar evrensel olan şiir, yüzyillardır her yerde, her türlü insan tarafından yazılmış ve okunmuştur.
- B) Şiir, yüzyıllar boyunca her yerde, her türlü insan tarafından yazıldığı ve okunduğu için dil kadar evrenseldir.
- C) Dil gibi şiir de o kadar evrenseldir ki her türlü insan tarafından, her yerde yazılmış ve her zaman okunmuştur.
- D) Yüzyillardır dünyanın her yerinde ve her toplumda yazılıp okunan şiir, dil gibi evrenseldir.
- E) Şiir de dil gibi yüzyıllar boyunca evrensel kabul edilmiş, her yerde ve herkes tarafından yazılıp okunmuştur.

42. Brazil produces only one fifth of the 1.8 million barrels of oil that it consumes every day.

- A) Brezilya'da her gün tüketilen 1,8 milyon varil petrolün yalnız beşte biri ithal edilmektedir.
- B) Brezilya'da her gün üretilen 1,8 milyon varil petrolün yalnız beşte biri tüketilmektedir.
- C) Brezilya, sadece günlük tüketiminin beşte biri olan 1,8 milyon varil petrolü üretebilmektedir.
- D) Brezilya, her gün tükettiği 1,8 milyon varil petrolün yalnız beşte birini üretmektedir.
- E) Her gün 1,8 milyon varil petrol tüketen Brezilya, bunun sadece beşte birini ithal edebilecek imkanlara sahiptir.

43. The parliaments of the member states of the European Union agreed on the use of a single currency known as 'the Euro'.

- A) 'Euro', Avrupa Birliği'ne üye devletlerin, kullanımı üzerinde anlaştığı tek para birimi olarak bilinmektektir.
- B) 'Euro', Avrupa Birliği'ne üye devletlerin parlamentolarının, kullanımı üzerinde anlaşabildiği tek para birimidir.
- C) Avrupa Birliği'ne üye devletlerin parlamentoları, kullanacakları tek para birimini 'Euro' olarak adlandırma konusunda anlaşmışlardır.
- D) Avrupa Birliği'ne üye devletlerin parlamentoları, kullanımı üzerinde uzlaştıkları tek para birimini 'Euro' olarak adlandırmışlardır.
- E) Avrupa Birliği'ne üye devletlerin parlamentoları, 'Euro' olarak bilinen tek bir para biriminin kullanımı üzerinde anlaştılar.

44. For Ethiopia, a country of nearly 45 million people, preserving agricultural land is a matter of life and death.

- A) Etiyopya'da nüfusun 45 milyona yaklaşması, ülkenin tarım alanlarını tehdit eden bir durumdur.
- B) Yaklaşık 45 milyon nüfuslu Etiyopya için, tarım alanlarının korunması bir ölüm kalım meselesidir.
- C) 45 milyon nüfuslu Etiyopya'da hem doğum hem de ölüm oranı çok yüksektir.
- D) 45 milyon nüfuslu Etiyopya'da insanların yaşaması veya ölmesi tarım alanlarının verimli kullanılmasına bağlıdır.
- E) 45 milyon insanın yaşadığı Etiyopya'da ölüm oranını azaltmak için tarıma büyük önem verilmektedir.

45. The food industry in England spends 4.5 million pounds sterling a year on advertising to persuade people to buy its products.

- A) Reklamlar sayesinde insanların ürünlerine rağbet etmesi İngiltere'nin besin endüstrisine bu yıl 4,5 milyon sterlinlik kar sağlamıştır.
- B) İngiltere'deki besin endüstrisinin gelişebilmesi, her yıl insanların ürünlerini satın almasını sağlayan 4,5 milyon sterlin tutarındaki reklamlara bağlıdır.
- C) İngiltere'deki besin endüstrisi, insanları kendi ürünlerini almaya ikna etmek için reklama yılda 4,5 milyon sterlin harcamaktadır.
- D) İngiltere'de insanların bu yıl besin endüstrisi ürünlerine 4,5 milyon sterlin ödemesi reklam konusu oldu.
- E) Bu yıl İngiltere, besin endüstrisi ürünlerinin başka ülkelere satışı için reklamlara 4,5 milyon sterlin ayırdı.

46. Sierra Leone'deki iç savaş o kadar vahşıydi ki ve bıraktığı hasarlar o kadar ağır olmuştu ki normal düzene hızlı bir dönüş imkansızdır.

- A) One cannot look for a speedy return to normality in Sierra Leone, for the civil war was horrific and the resulting injuries were excessive.
- B) The civil war in Sierra Leone was so barbaric, and injures it left were so grave that a swift return to normality is impossible.
- C) Since the civil war in Sierra Leone was so barbaric and the injuries that resulted were so grave; a speedy return to normality is not to be expected.
- D) The civil war in Sierra Leone was so horrific and left in its wake so many injured that a return to normality cannot readily be achieved.
- E) A quick return to normality in Sierra Leone is out of the question, for the civil war was a savage one and the detriments committed were particularly injurious.

47. Senin yerinde olsam, birçok gereksiz tartışmaya neden olabileceği için bu makaleyi reddederdim.

- A) This article would be sure to cause a great deal of controversy, so I suggest you reject it right away.
- B) I think you should reject this article which I am sure will cause a lot of controversy.
- C) Since this article is likely to cause much controversy, I advise you to turn it down.
- D) If I were you, I would turn down this article as it could cause great deal of unnecessary controversy.
- E) If you don't turn down this article you will find yourself involved in a most unpleasant controversy.

48. Dünyanın sıcaklığındaki son değişimlerin nedenlerinden biri de ozon tabakasındaki deliktir.

- A) One of the reasons for the recent changes in the world temperature is the hole in the ozone layer.
- B) The recent hole in the ozone layer is partly the result of changes in the world's temperature.
- C) As the global temperature has changed, one can expect, a hole in the ozone layer.
- D) One of the reasons for the hole in the ozone layer is the worldwide changes in temperature.
- E) One of the holes in the ozone layer has been caused by sudden changes in the global temperature.

49. Komisyon bakteri düzeyi belirli bir sınırı aşan peynirlerin satışını yasaklamak için yeni bir öneri üzerinde çalışıyor.

- A) The new proposal of the commission is that cheeses with a high bacterial level should not be on sale.
- B) Owing to the high bacterial level of certain cheeses, a commission is present working on a proposal to ban all sales.
- C) The commission is working on a new proposal to ban the sale of cheeses with a bacterial level above a certain limit.
- D) A commission is working to lift the ban on the sale of the cheeses with a bacterial level of above a given limit.
- E) The commission has been working on a new project to limit the sale of cheeses with considerably high bacterial level.

50. Sovyetler birliği çöktüğünden beri, sermaye kaçışı, komünizm sonrası Rusya'nın başlıca ekonomik hastalıklarından biri olmuştur.

- A) Once the Soviet Union collapsed, capital flight became the most persistent of all post-communist Russia's economic headaches.
- B) Following the collapse of the Soviet Union, post-communist Russia's economy has been plagued by the capital flight.
- C) Capital flight has, ever since the Soviet Union collapsed, been one of the most feared economic problems of post-communist Russia.
- D) Following the collapse of the Soviet Union and the start of the post-communist era, Russia's economy has suffered on account of capital flight.
- E) Ever since the Soviet Union collapsed, capital flight has been one of post-communist Russia's chief economic plagues.

SENTENCE COMPLETION

**Select the most suitable ending for the given sentences.
(Verilen cümleleri en uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.)**

51. Air pollution in Ankara due to the burning of low quality coal is a serious problem. _____ .

- A) However, fumes from cars and factories pollute the air
- B) As a result the air is polluted
- C) For example, there is air pollution in big cities
- D) But in Istanbul the air pollution is more important
- E) Therefore, something must be done immediately

52. Many governments are trying to introduce atomic energy as an alternative to the burning of fossil fuels in spite of the fact that _____ .

- A) fossil fuels are limited in supply
- B) faulty systems and waste materials are potentially very dangerous
- C) fossil fuels cause pollution
- D) nuclear accidents are not very common
- E) atomic energy is cheaper to produce

53. Although the climate is hot and humid in summer in Istanbul _____.

- A) most businessmen wear jackets in their offices
- B) it is impossible for businessmen to wear suits
- C) most businessmen prefer cool clothing
- D) light colors are popular among businessmen
- E) air conditioners are commonly used in offices

54. It is true that motor-cars help us to move around easily. _____.

- A) Nevertheless, most people would like to have a car of their own
- B) In addition, the fumes from the exhaust pipes pollute the air
- C) As a result, they lead to a high noise level in our cities
- D) However, they cause a lot of pollution
- E) Moreover, they cause a lot of traffic

55. Water pollution causes great damage to the environment. _____.

- A) Each day thousands of tons of gases come out of the exhausts of motor vehicles
- B) Industrial waste has already made many rivers lifeless
- C) Smoke from factories pollutes the air of industrialized areas
- D) Today, pollution is an increasing danger to the health of our planet
- E) However water shortages problem cannot be solved easily

PARAGRAPH COMPLETION

Select the sentences that best fits into the blanks in the given paragraphs.
(Verilen paragraflardaki boşluklara en uygun cümleleri seçiniz.)

56. The main power of the media lies in the fact that it can shape what we know about the world and can be a main source of ideas and opinions. _____.

- This power is greater if we consider all the various media together, not just one, such as the Press.
- A) The most influential media is obviously television.
 - B) Indeed, it can influence the way we think and act more than we realize featured.
 - C) Journalists are jealous of the power of television.
 - D) In recent decades the main concern of the media has been democracy.
 - E) Most governments ignore the influence of the media on society.

57. _____ . They provide products like milk, meat and eggs. They provide fertilizer to help crops grow. They help farmers work the land.

- A) Breeders look for farm animals with desirable qualities.
- B) It does not produce as much meat as some breeds of pig.
- C) We meet food needs from them to a great extent.
- D) Farm animals supply an estimated thirty percent of all food and agricultural needs.
- E) Corn is not the only hybrid crop.

58. Acupuncture is very common in Asia. Acupuncturists there help people who have medical problems like infections, backaches, and stomach aches.

_____.

- A) The doctor decides where to insert the needles.
- B) Acupuncture points have many more nerve endings than other places on the skin.
- C) They even use acupuncture during operations so that patients don't feel pain.
- D) The Ancient Chinese, who were the first to use acupuncture, believed that energy flowed through the human body.
- E) The messages sent to the nerves by acupuncture interrupt pain messages that are on their way to the brain.

59. The electrical part of a car is made up of the generator, the dynamo, the battery and the headlights. The dynamo and the generator are in the same place as the engine. _____.

- A) The parts of a car can be classified into three groups.
- B) The wipers which serve to clean the windscreen are on the outside of the car.
- C) Finally there are four tires on which the car rolls.
- D) The isolation from electricity has no effect on it.
- E) The former generates electricity and the latter is used for storing electricity.

60. Boiled, baked, roasted or fried potato is a nutritious vegetable. _____. A medium sized potato provides half the recommended daily intake of vitamin C. As the global population increases, potato could just prove to be buried treasure.

- A) It is a good source of energy and protein.
- B) Potato is a strange and unusual present.
- C) How much do you think it's worth?
- D) It was brought to Europe in the sixteenth century.
- E) It was first cultivated during prehistoric time.

READING COMPREHENSION

Read each passage separately and answer the following questions according to the passage.
 (Verilen her parçayı ayrı ayrı okuyunuz ve takip eden soruları parçaşa göre cevaplandırınız.)

The United States and Turkey brought into force an agreement for cooperation concerning peaceful uses of nuclear energy. The deal will permit the transfer between the two countries of technology, material, reactors, and components for nuclear research in such areas as medicine and agriculture, and for nuclear power production.

The Agreement for Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation has an initial term of 15 years, with provision for automatic renewal in increments of five years each unless either party decides to terminate it. The deal between the two countries underlines the strong commitment of both countries to the safe and secure development and use of civil nuclear energy to advance the welfare and prosperity of their citizens. The deal reflects the strong support of both countries for the safeguards system of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) as indispensable to the secure enjoyment of the benefits of trade and cooperation in the civil nuclear area. The agreement must be submitted to the U.S. Congress, which would have 60 working days to block it with legislation if it objects.

61. Which of the following the deal will NOT permit to transfer between U.S. and Turkey?

- A) components
- B) technology
- C) labor
- D) reactors
- E) material

62. Initial duration of the Agreement on Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation is _____.

- A) 5 years
- B) 20 years
- C) forever
- D) 15 years
- E) unforeseen

63. The underlined word “increment” is closest in meaning to _____.

- A) parts of a whole
- B) one of a series of increases
- C) slices
- D) one of a series of reductions
- E) particular amount

64. The underlined word “indispensable” is closest in meaning to _____.

- A) useless
- B) impossible
- C) inefficient
- D) unnecessary
- E) necessary

65. According to the passage _____ .

- A) U.S. Congress can block the Agreement in 60 days by making a law
- B) the Agreement comes in to force as signed
- C) Turkish Parliament can block the Agreement with legislation
- D) the Agreement demonstrates the commitment of countries
- E) since both U.S. and Turkey have long been allies, the Agreement need not be submitted to the U.S Congress

For a long time, night dreaming was thought to interfere with the necessary rest that sleep provides. However, experiments have indicated that dreams are not only a normal part of the sleep process but also vital to psychological health. Dr. William Dement of the Sleep Center of Mount Sinai Hospital, who is conducting extensive experiments on the significance of dreaming, reports that subjects whose dreams were interrupted regularly exhibited emotional disturbances such as hypertension, anxiety, irritability and concentration difficulties. "One of the subjects" Dement reported, "quit the study in panic and two insisted on stopping, because the stress was too great." It was also observed that in five subjects there was considerable increase in appetite, i.e. they ate a lot, during the period of dream deprivation. As soon as the subjects were allowed to dream again, all psychological disturbances vanished.

More drastic experiments supported these findings. Volunteers who were kept awake for very long periods dreamed considerably more than usual when finally permitted to sleep. It is as though a pressure to dream builds up. That is, the more your dreaming is restricted, the more you are inclined to dream when allowed to sleep. If dream suppression is carried on long enough, the result is serious disorders in the personality and, therefore, experiments conducted in this area should be monitored by professionals only.

66. According to the passage, interfere with is closest in meaning to _____.

- A) improve
- B) disturb
- C) recover from
- D) extend
- E) influence

67. According to the paragraph vital is closest in meaning to _____.

- A) essential
- B) unimportant
- C) effective
- D) useless
- E) efficient

68. According to the paragraph vanish is closest in meaning to _____.

- A) extend
- B) enhance
- C) worsen
- D) disappear
- E) intensify

69. Today it is no longer believed that dreams, _____.

- A) are a normal part of the sleep process
- B) are vital to psychological health
- C) interfere with the necessary rest that sleep provides
- D) result in serious disorders in the personality
- E) exhibit emotional disturbances such as hypertension

70. If your sleep is constantly interrupted and you are not allowed to dream, you will _____.

- A) feel pressure not to dream any more
- B) stop dreaming altogether after a period
- C) feel fitter than before
- D) solve all the psychological disturbances
- E) dream more when you are eventually allowed to sleep

Underdeveloped countries are at the very bottom of the global economy, with widespread extreme poverty and dire living conditions. They usually have little or no infrastructure or reliable health care and other social services. Many have experienced long-term political unrest in the form of civil war or armed conflict with other nations, or have been subject to unstable governments, dictatorships, and/or corruption. In addition, they may frequently suffer environmental events and natural disasters that cause famine, destruction, and displacement of large segments of their populations.

Aid to underdeveloped countries takes many forms and it is given for many reasons. Underdeveloped countries need aid to provide finance for development projects; to provide foreign exchange with which imports for development purpose can be bought; and to provide the trained manpower and technical knowledge they lack. The motives of the donor are not always humanitarian. "Aid" can take a military form; it can be used to support an incompetent or unjust government. Nor is aid always beneficial to the recipient country. It may be wasted on ill-conceived or prestige projects, or cause the government simply to relax on its own efforts.

71. In the passage, it is argued that the reasons behind the aid given to the underdeveloped countries _____ .

- A) are always of military nature
- B) are varied in purpose and in effect
- C) can be disregarded altogether
- D) invariably involve humanitarian principles
- E) relate only to the technical needs of the recipient country

72. According to the passage dire is closest in meaning to _____ .

- A) dreadful
- B) dirty
- C) corrupt
- D) poor
- E) unstable

73. One infers from the passage that what is generally referred to as "aid" _____ .

- A) usually leads to the overthrow of the government of the recipient country
- B) is actually one country's intervention in another country's internal affairs
- C) is, in fact, monetary support for development projects only
- D) does not necessarily benefit the recipient country
- E) can really be regarded as a waste of resources

74. According to the passage, unless they receive aid, underdeveloped countries _____ .

- A) will lose their world-wide prestige
- B) often face military coups
- C) will be at the mercy of donor countries
- D) will have to rely on foreign technical advice for many years to come
- E) cannot provide money and human resources for development

75. According to the passage which of the below is NOT a condition underdeveloped countries experience?

- A) Natural disasters causing famine and destruction.
- B) Unstable governments and dictatorship.
- C) Reliable health care and other social services.
- D) Civil war caused by the political unrest.
- E) Dislodgment of large fragments from their populations.

Consumers, gas retailers and governments are wrestling with a new energy order, where rising oil prices play a larger role than ever in the daily lives of increasingly mobile people. But as the cost of crude mounts, the effect on price at the pump varies startlingly from Venezuela, where gas is cheaper than water, to Turkey, where a full tank can cost a domestic plane ticket. Taxes and subsidies are the main reasons for the differences, along with lesser factors such as limited oil refining capacity and hard-to-reach geography that push up prices.

High taxes in Europe and Japan have long accustomed consumers to staggering pump prices, which now are testing new pain **thresholds** and it could have been even worse, if a strong euro hadn't cushioned some of the blow. As a result, plenty of European adults never even bother to learn to drive, preferring cheap mass transit to cumbersome cars. Subsidies in emerging economies such as China and India, meanwhile, shield consumers but hurt governments, which must find a way to afford rising market prices for oil.

Increasingly they can't. Indonesians are staging protests against shrinking gasoline subsidies in a nation where nearly half of the population of 235 million lives on less than \$2 a day. And there are now 887 million vehicles in the world, up from 553 million vehicles just 15 years ago, and on track to nearly double to a billion by 2012, according to London-based consultancy Global Insight. The United States, with its relatively low taxes, is considered to have retail prices closer to what energy data charts call the "real cost" of gasoline which is closely linked to the price of oil.

Jean- Marc Jancovici, a French engineer and co-author of a philosophical treatise called "Fill It Up, Please!" despairs rising thirst in the developing world for shrinking oil resources.

"The real question is ... how to save peace and democracy in this context," he asks.

His answer? To rich-country consumers, at least, he says: Pick up your bike and "stop being petroleum slaves."

76. The underlined word **threshold can be best defined as _____.**

- A) punishment B) indifference
- C) beginning D) hold E) influence

77. The main subject of the passage is _____.

- A) crude oil as a critical resource
- B) increasing oil consumption with the rise in world population
- C) high taxes only for the increase in gas prices
- D) unnecessary
- E) high gas prices hit consumers worldwide

78. According to the passage, unlike Venezuela where gas is cheaper than water _____.

- A) Turkish people see cheap fuel as a birthright
- B) price of a full fuel tank in Turkey can cost more than a domestic flight ticket
- C) Japan have long accustomed customers to low prices
- D) cost of crude oil stays almost the same for long periods in other parts of the world
- E) limited oil refining capacity is the main reason for gas price differences

79. Which of the following is stated in the passage?

- A) Consumers must find a way to afford rising market prices for gasoline but increasingly they can't.
- B) European adults never prefer mass transportation to cars.
- C) Indonesians are staging protests against shrinking gasoline prices.
- D) Rising oil prices don't play any role in the daily lives of mobile people.
- E) As the cost of crude oil increases, prices at the pump lessen.

80. According to Jancovici "to save peace and democracy" in this context one should _____.

- A) never even bother to learn to drive
- B) depend on petroleum products more than ever
- C) stop using highway vehicles
- D) ride a bike and stop being a petroleum slave
- E) analyze himself

CEVAP ANAHTARI

1	E	21	A	41	A	61	C
2	C	22	B	42	D	62	D
3	B	23	E	43	E	63	B
4	C	24	B	44	B	64	E
5	B	25	A	45	C	65	A
6	B	26	E	46	B	66	B
7	E	27	C	47	D	67	A
8	D	28	E	48	A	68	D
9	E	29	A	49	C	69	C
10	C	30	D	50	E	70	E
11	E	31	B	51	E	71	B
12	B	32	A	52	C	72	A
13	A	33	D	53	A	73	D
14	E	34	C	54	D	74	E
15	B	35	A	55	B	75	C
16	D	36	C	56	B	76	C
17	C	37	A	57	D	77	E
18	A	38	E	58	C	78	B
19	C	39	C	59	E	79	A
20	B	40	E	60	A	80	D